# SOURCEBOOK SPSS DATA ANALYSIS

**Abstract:** This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to obtain basic statistical output using SPSS, both visually with screenshots and via written instructions. Simple examples for most undergraduate-level between-subjects and within-subjects research designs are provided.

Keywords: SPSS, screenshots, directions for use

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This document is part of an online statistics sourcebook.

A browser-friendly viewing platform for the sourcebook is available: <u>https://cwendorf.github.io/Sourcebook</u>

> All data, syntax, and output files are available: <u>https://github.com/cwendorf/Sourcebook</u>

## TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THIS CHAPTER

Frequencies and Descriptives	3
Transformations and Standardized Scores	5
Correlations	8
Confidence Intervals	10
One Sample t Test	12
Paired Samples t Test	14
Independent Samples t Test	16
OneWay ANOVA	18
Post Hoc Comparisons	20
Repeated Measures ANOVA	22
Factorial ANOVA	25

### **Frequencies and Descriptives**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- After the data are entered, select the "Analyze → Descriptive Statistics → Frequencies" option from the main menu.

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#### **Obtaining Frequencies**

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and then the arrow to move them into the "variables" box.
- 5. Be sure that "Display frequency tables" is checked. Without this checked, you will not get a frequency distribution.
- 6. If all you wish is a frequency table (with no histogram or summary statistics), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.



#### **Obtaining a Histogram**

- 7. To obtain a histogram, click on the "Charts" button. Another dialogue box will appear.
- 8. In this box, select "Histogram."
- 9. Click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.



#### **Obtaining Descriptive Statistics**

- 10. To obtain summary statistics, select "Statistics." Another dialogue box will appear.
- 11. In this box, you can request that SPSS calculate the mean, variance, and standard deviation (or median and quartiles).
- 12. Once you have selected the desired statistics, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 13. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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### **Transformations and Standardized Scores**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- After the data are entered, select the "Analyze → Descriptive Statistics → Descriptives" option from the main menu.



### **Obtaining Standardized (z) Scores**

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "variables" box.
- 5. Be sure that "Save standardized values as variables" is checked. Without this checked, you will not get the standardized scores.
- 6. If all you wish are the standardized scores (with descriptive summary statistics), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.



- 7. To obtain summary statistics, select "Options." Another dialogue box will appear.
- 8. In this box, you can request that SPSS calculate the mean, variance, and standard deviation (and other statistics).
- 9. Once you have selected the desired statistics, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.

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#### **Viewing Standardized Scores**

- 10. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.
- 11. Finally, note that the standardized variables are not included in the output. Rather, they are saved as new variables in the data view window. These variables can be used in subsequent analyses.

#### **Obtaining the Compute Menu**

- 12. In addition to (or instead of) calculating standardized scores, you can perform other data transformations. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 13. After the data are entered, select the "Transform  $\rightarrow$  Compute Variable" option from the main menu.

#### **Calculating Other Transformations**

- 14. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest to transform.
- 15. Under "Target Variables," type the name of the new variable that you are creating. Here "trOutcome" is the name of the new variable.
- 16. In the "Numeric Expression" box, type the formula that will be used in the transformation. In this example, the "trOutcome" is calculated by taking the original score and adding one.
- 17. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, the transformed variables will appear in the data view window. These variables can be used in subsequent analyses.



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### Correlations

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter data involving multiple variables. This is described elsewhere.
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Correlate  $\rightarrow$  Bivariate" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Variables" box.
- By default, SPSS will have the "Pearson" box checked. This provides the correlation coefficient we discussed. Similarly, having "two-tailed" and "flag significant correlations" will create and display the significance tests (discussed later in the class).
- 6. If all you wish is a table of correlations (with no descriptive statistics), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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- 7. If you wish to get the descriptive statistics as well, select the "Options" button.
- 8. Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose various statistics. Select "Means and standard deviations" and "cross-product deviations and covariances."
- 9. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 10. Now click "OK" in the original dialogue box. A separate window with the output will appear.

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### **Confidence Intervals**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Descriptive Statistics  $\rightarrow$  Explore" option from the main menu.

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- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Dependent List" box.
- 5. Be sure that "Statistics" is checked. This will limit your output to basic descriptive statistics and confidence intervals.
- 6. If you do not wish to alter the default (95%) confidence level, click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.



### Altering the Confidence Interval

- 7. If you wish to alter the width of the confidence interval, select the "Statistics" button.
- 8. Another dialogue box will appear where you can change the confidence level. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 9. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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### **One Sample t Test**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Compare Means  $\rightarrow$  One-Sample T Test" option from the main menu.



- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Test Variables" box.
- 5. Be sure to enter a known or hypothesized mean into the "Test Value" field. If you do not enter a value here, SPSS will automatically use zero as the comparison mean.
- 6. Check the "Estimate effect size" to get Cohen's d.
- 7. If you do not wish to alter the default (95%) confidence level, click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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#### Altering the Confidence Interval

- 8. If you wish to alter the width of the confidence interval, select the "Options" button.
- 9. Another dialogue box will appear where you can change the confidence level. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 10. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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### **Paired Samples t Test**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Compare Means  $\rightarrow$  Paired-Samples T Test" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the variables you wish to analyze by clicking on both of them while holding down the "CTRL" key. Then click on the arrow to move the pair of variables to the "Paired Variables" box.
- 5. Check the "Estimate effect size" box to get Cohen's d.
- 6. If you do not wish to alter the default (95%) confidence level, click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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#### Altering the Confidence Interval

- 7. If you wish to alter the width of the confidence interval, select the "Options" button.
- 8. Another dialogue box will appear where you can change the confidence level. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 9. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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### **Independent Samples t Test**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Compare Means  $\rightarrow$  Independent-Samples T Test" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the outcome variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Test Variables" box.
- 5. Check the "Estimate effect size" to get Cohen's d.
- 6. Move the variable that defines the different groups to the "Grouping Variable" box. Note that question marks will appear here and that you will need to follow the next set of steps in order to run the analyses.

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#### Defining the Groups to be Analyzed

- 7. In order to tell SPSS which two groups you wish to compare, click on the "Define Groups" box.
- 8. A new dialog box will appear. Here you will need to indicate the numeric values you used in setting up the data file to refer to the groups. In this example, a value of 1 for the variable "group" referred to Group 1 and a value of 2 for the variable "group" referred to Group 2.
- 9. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 10. If you do not wish to alter the default (95%) confidence level, click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

#### Altering the Confidence Interval

- 11. If you wish to alter the width of the confidence interval, select the "Options" button.
- 12. Another dialogue box will appear where you can change the confidence level. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 13. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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### **OneWay ANOVA**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data. This is done in the same manner as entering two sample data (described elsewhere) but with additional groups.
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Compare Means  $\rightarrow$  One-Way ANOVA" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the outcome variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Dependent List" box.
- 5. Move the variable that defines the different groups to the "Factor" box. SPSS will not ask you to define the groups you wish to compare; it simply will compare all groups defined by the factor.
- 6. Check "Estimate effect size for overall tests" to obtain eta-squared.
- 7. If all you wish is an ANOVA source table (with no descriptive statistics or post hoc tests), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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- 8. If you wish to get the means, standard deviations, standard errors, and 95% confidence intervals for each group, select the "Options" button.
- 9. Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose various statistics. Select "Descriptive." When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 10. If all you wish is an ANOVA with the descriptive statistics (and no post hoc tests), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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### **Post Hoc Comparisons**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data. This is done in the same manner as entering two sample data (described elsewhere) but with additional groups.
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  Compare Means  $\rightarrow$  One-Way ANOVA" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the outcome variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Dependent List" box.
- 5. Move the variable that defines the different groups to the "Factor" box. SPSS will not ask you to define the groups you wish to compare; it simply will compare all groups defined by the factor.
- 6. If all you wish is an ANOVA source table (with no descriptive statistics or post hoc tests), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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- 7. If you wish to get the means, standard deviations, standard errors, and 95% confidence intervals for each group, select the "Options" button.
- Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose various statistics. Select "Descriptive." When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 9. If all you wish is an ANOVA with the descriptive statistics (and no post hoc tests), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

#### **Obtaining Post Hoc Tests**

- 10. If you wish to obtain post hoc tests for the purpose of making comparisons between groups, click the "Post Hoc" button.
- 11. Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose which post hoc tests you wish. Select "Tukey" to get Tukey HSD post hoc tests. When you are done, click "Continue."
- 12. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.



### **Repeated Measures ANOVA**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the repeated measures data. This is described elsewhere.
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  General Linear Model  $\rightarrow$  Repeated Measures" option from the main menu.

#### Labeling the Within-Subjects Variable/Factor

- A dialogue box will then appear for you to create the repeated measures factor. This box is necessary because SPSS does not yet know which columns you wish to identify as repeated measurements of the same underlying factor.
- 4. In the "Within-Subject Factor Name" box, type in the name you wish to give to the repeated measures factor. In this example, since the measurements/columns reflect quizzes at two different times, "Time" is used as the name.
- 5. In the "Number of Levels" box, indicate the number of levels of the within-subjects factor. In this example, the quiz was given twice, so there were 2 levels of the factor.

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#### **Creating the Within-Subjects Factor**

- 6. It is then important that you finalize the creation of the within-subjects factor by clicking on the "Add" button. This officially declares the new factor in SPSS.
- 7. Note that this factor only exists in the computer's memory. For examples, nowhere in the data set will you see a variable called "Time."
- 8. When you have done this, click on "Define." This will take you to the next step in setting up the analysis.

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- 9. A dialogue box will then appear for you to define which columns/variables reflect the levels of the within-subjects factor.
- 10. Select the outcome variables you wish to analyze by clicking on them and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Within-Subjects Variable" box. In this example, "Outcome1" reflects the first level of the factor and "Outcome2" reflects the second level of the factor.
- 11. If all you wish is are ANOVA source tables (with no descriptive statistics or comparisons), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

- 12. If you wish to get the means, standard deviations, standard errors, and 95% confidence intervals for each group, select the "Options" button.
- 13. Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose various statistics. For means and standard deviations, select "Descriptive." Check "Estimates of effect size" to get eta-squared. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 14. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

#### **Obtaining Confidence Intervals**

- 15. If you wish to get the confidence intervals for each mean, select the "EM Means" button.
- 16. Another dialogue box will appear where you can specify the Factor. Move the relevant term to the "Display Means" box.
- 17. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 18. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.



### **Factorial ANOVA**

#### **Selecting the Analysis**

- 1. First, enter the data (described elsewhere).
- 2. After the data are entered, select the "Analyze  $\rightarrow$  General Linear Model  $\rightarrow$  Univariate" option from the main menu.

- 3. A dialogue box will then appear for you to choose the variables of interest.
- 4. Select the outcome variable you wish to analyze by clicking on it and hitting the arrow to move them into the "Dependent Variable" box.
- 5. Move the variable(s) that defines the different groups to the "Fixed Factor(s)" box. Note that SPSS will not require you to enter anything for the interaction if there are multiple factors; it will automatically create the interactions defined by the factor(s).
- 6. If all you wish is an ANOVA source table (with no descriptive statistics), click "OK." A separate window with the output will appear.

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- 7. If you wish to get the means and standard deviations for each group, select the "Options" button.
- 8. Another dialogue box will appear where you can choose various statistics. Select "Descriptive statistics." If you wish to get eta-squared measures for each factor (and the interaction), click on "Estimates of effect size."
- 9. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 10. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

#### **Obtaining Confidence Intervals**

- 11. If you wish to get the confidence intervals for each mean, select the "EM Means" button.
- 12. Another dialogue box will appear where you can specify which effects (main effects and interactions) to analyze. Move the relevant terms to the "Display Means" box.
- 13. When you are done, click "Continue." This will return you to the original dialogue box.
- 14. After clicking on "OK" in the original dialogue box, a separate window with the output will appear.

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